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Egypt: Nasir has broken up a planned coup, but his action could result in further trouble for his regime.

On the night of 25 August,

the former chief of the armed forces,
Abdul Hakim Amir, was arrested for organizing a coup against Nasir. The coup was to have taken place while Nasir was attending the current Arab summit conference in Khartoum. Some 150 of Amir's high-ranking military collaborators were also arrested. The head of Egypt's General Intelligence organization, Salah

Nasir, was implicated in the coup planning and has resigned.

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Nasir may feel temporarily secure after having removed the immediate threat, but Amir's arrest may spark further opposition from among the military. The army, however, would probably be unable for some time to organize any such opposition effectively, since it is now demoralized and its leadership decimated.

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South Arabian Federation: The British once again are face to face with the problem of coming up with some sort of interim arrangements before they pull out.

The federal government has disintegrated and the army has declined to step into the breach. The army is reportedly posing stiff conditions which it says must be met before it will agree to take over. These include: lifting the state of emergency, releasing political detainees, dissolving the present government, and holding new elections.

The nationalist tone of the demands suggests that the army leaders and the leaders of the National Liberation Front (NLF) have made a deal. Army leaders are known to sympathize with the NLF, but it is not clear whether any deal would extend much beyond the immediate situation.

Before this latest turn of events, British High Commissioner Trevelyan believed there was still some hope that the federal leaders, the NLF, and the Front for the Liberation of Occupied South Yemen (FLOSY) would get together. He was sticking to the position that the British would talk only with representatives of all groups and would not capitulate to the NLF or FLOSY.

The British are nevertheless anxious to wash their hands of the situation and speed up the withdrawal of their forces. They are going ahead with plans to open an embassy and establish relations with the postindependence government, whatever its complexion. Trevelyan believes that financial aid will be London's one strong card in future dealings with the South Arabians.

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<u>Cambodia:</u> cant problems for to curtail their ac	Cambodia's leftists still pose signifi- r Prince Sihanouk despite his efforts ctivities.	
months and may be creased its propa demonstrations in "return" of two le	the in Cambodia has deteriorated in recent be reaching "critical" proportions. The left has inaganda activities. Among these were n Phnom Penh and other areas for the eading leftists who disappeared during antileftist campaign last April.	
entourage over th	assessment may be somewhat over- neern has been growing within Sihanouk's ne increased boldness of the Cambodian	S
left.		25X1
	Sihanouk himself is worried over ck leftist activities.	25X1
against the leftist ists are controlle	threat. the left- ed by Communist China, and wishes to the Peking from deteriorating further.	 25X1
Communist China. Chinese use their Cambodian left. clear that he is pr they are necessar	dian foreign minister recently visited where he reportedly asked that the good offices to urge restraint on the Sihanouk has, however, also made it repared to take more forceful steps wherey. His army moved quickly and harshly effist-supported disturbances in western his year.	7
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NOTE

Congo (Kinshasa): President Mobutu has backed down at least for the moment from the position he took last week. He then pictured a Congolese military victory as the only acceptable solution to the mercenary problem. Mobutu now says he would be willing to negotiate with the rest of the mercenaries if their leader, Schramme, were to "disappear." In any case, he added, he intends to take no further action against the mercenaries until after the OAU summit meeting, scheduled to be held from 11-14 September in Kinshasa.

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